DEVESH H. DADHEECH B.COM. (HONS.) F.C.A.



D. DADHEECH & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF
PENINSULA INTEGRATED LAND DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of PENINSULA INTEGRATED LAND DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2014 and the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act") read with the General Circular 15/2013 dated 13th September, 2013 of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of section 133 of companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March. 2014:
- b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss Account, of the Loss for the year ended on that date ;and
- c) in the case of Cash Flow Statement, of the Cash Flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 (the Order) issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 227(4A) of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 227 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books:
 - c. the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. in our opinion, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss comply with the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act")read with the General Circular 15/2013 dated 13th September,2013 of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of section 133 of Companies Act, 2013
 - e. on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2014 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2014, from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956;
 - f. Since the Central Government has not issued any notification as to the rate at which the cess is to be paid under section 441A of the Companies Act, 1956 nor has it issued any Rules under the said section, prescribing the manner in which such cess is to be paid, no cess is due and payable by the Company.

319-20, Rex Chambers

W. H. Marg, MUMBAI - 1

For D. Dadheech & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 101981W

Ques G. K. Ko

Place: Mumbai

Date:

Devesh H. Dadheech

Proprietor

Membership No.: 33909

Annexure to Auditor's Report

Re: PENINSULA INTEGRATED LAND AND DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

	Particulars	Comments
U	(a) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing ful	The Company does not have any fixed asset so this
	particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;	clause is not applicable
	(b) whether these fixed assets have been physically verified by the	Not Applicable
	management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been	
	properly dealt with in the books of account;	
	(c) if a substantial part of fixed assets have been disposed off during the	Not Applicable
	lyear, whether it has affected the going concern	1
(ii	(a) whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at	The Company does not have any inventory, therefore, the
	1	provisions of the clauses 4(ii) are not applicable to the
	reasonable intervals by the management;	Icompany
	(b) are the procedures of physical verification of inventory followed by the management reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the	Not Applicable
	company and the nature of its business. If not, the inadequacies in such	
	procedures should be reported;	
	(c) whether the company is maintaining proper records of inventory and	Not Applicable
	whether any material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification	<u>,</u>
	and it so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of	
	account;	
(111)	(a) has the company either granted or taken any loans, secured or	M/s Peninsula Land Ltd had reimbursed the expenses of
	Twinesource to morn comparises, little of other parties covered in the redister	Icompany and outstanding half it is
	maintained under section 301 of the Act. If so, give the number of parties and amount involved in the transactions.	amounts to Rs.40,000/-
	(b) whether the rate of interest and other terms and conditions of loans	No lease and the second
	given or taken by the company, secured or unsecured, are prima facie	interest is provided during the year.
	prejudicial to the interest of the company;	
	(a) wheather was a 1 CO 1 1 1	Loan is repayable from the cash flor of the project over a
	<u> </u>	period of years, It is interest for a least
	(d) if overdue amount is more than one lakh, whether reasonable steps	Not Applicable
	have been taken by the company for recovery/payment of the principal and interest:	
(iv)	Interest;	
(iv)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the	In our opion the company has an internal audit system
(iv)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of	In our opion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of business.
(iv)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a	In our opion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of business.
	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control:	commensurate with the size and nature of business.
	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in	commensurate with the size and nature of business. Based on the examination of the books of accounts and
	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in	Commensurate with the size and nature of business. Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information and
	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or
	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered:	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time;	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act.
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act.
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act.
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act.
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act.
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act.
(v)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not?	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Compay has not accepted any public deposit.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not?	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Company has not accepted any public deposit.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up I capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of capital and reserves.	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Company has not accepted any public deposit.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up I capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnover.	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Company has not accepted any public deposit.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up I capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnover exceeding five crore rupees for a period of three consecutive financial	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Company has not accepted any public deposit.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnover exceeding five crore rupees for a period of three consecutive financial years immediately preceding the financial year concerned, whether the	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Company has not accepted any public deposit.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up I capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnover exceeding five crore rupees for a period of three consecutive financial years immediately preceding the financial year concerned, whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size and nature of its business:	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Compay has not accepted any public deposit. In our opion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of business.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up I capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnover exceeding five crore rupees for a period of three consecutive financial years immediately preceding the financial year concerned, whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size and nature of its business:	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Compay has not accepted any public deposit. In our opion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of business.
(vi) (vii)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up I capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnover exceeding five crore rupees for a period of three consecutive financial years immediately preceding the financial year concerned, whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size and nature of its business; where maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Symptomic maintenance of cost records has been prescribe	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Compay has not accepted any public deposit. In our opion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of business.
(vi)	is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control; (a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered; (b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time; in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board whether the same has been complied with or not? in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up in the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-up in the case of listed companies of the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnover exceeding five crore rupees for a period of three consecutive financial years immediately preceding the financial year concerned, whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size and nature of its business; where maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central Scovernment under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 209 of the Act	Based on the examination of the books of accounts and related records and according to information an explanations provided to us, there are o contracts or arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Companies Act. Yes The Compay has not accepted any public deposit. In our opion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of business.

-	(ix) (a) is the company regular in depositing undisputed statutory du	es According to the records of the Comanpy, the Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities,
	including Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fur	undisputed statutory dues including Proident Fund, Investor Education Protection Fund , Employees's State Insurance , Income-Tax, Sales-Tax, Wealth Tax, Custom
	Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Wealth Tax, Custom	duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues
	Duty, Excise Duty, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropria	applicable to it.
İ	authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory du	no undisputed amounts payable in respect of leaves
	as at the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more that	Tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax, Custom Duty and Excise
	six months from the data they become revents a ball to the	Duty were outstanding as at March 31,2014 for a period
	six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated by the auditor.	of more than six months from the date they became
}		
ļ	(b) in case dues of sales tax/income tax/custom tax/wealth tax/excis	se According to the records of the Company, there are no
ļ	duty/cess have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending may please to mentioned.	
	mentioned.	account of any dispute.
(x) whether in case of a company which has been registered for a period no	of The company has suffered as a life of the company has a life of
1	less than five years, its accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	ar during the year and previous year it suffered cash loss of
1	are not less than fifty per cent of its net worth and whether it has incurre	Rs.20,000/ The accumulated loss of Rs.3,11,000 is less
	cash losses in such financial year and in the financial year immediate	Company as per provison of SICA
1~	preceding such financial year also;	i f
,,	ii) whether the company has defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution or bank or debenture holders? If yes, the period and amount of	al No
1	default to be reported;	of
(xi	i) whether adequate documents and records are maintained in cases when	e According to the seconds of the
	The service of the security in	VIDAS DOLUTANION AND LORDS and adventer and the state of
	In a broade of direct depositiones and office sectiones. It not the	e security by way of pledge of shares, depositions on the
—		
(XII	i) whether the provisions of any special statute applicable to chit fund have	e In our opinion the compnay is not a chit fund or nidhi
1		mutual benefit fund/society. Therfore, the provisions of
1		clause 4(xiii) of the Companies(Auditors Reports)Order
j	been duly complied with? In respect of nidhi/ mutual benefit fund/societies;	2003 are not applicable to the company.
	(a) whether the net-owned funds to deposit liability ratio is more than 1:20	Not Ameliana
	las on the date of balance sneet;	
	(b) whether the company has complied with the prudential norms or	Not Applicable
ł	income recognition and provisioning against sub-standard/default/loss	5
ļ	assets;	
1	(c) whether the company has adequate procedures for appraisal of credi proposals/requests, assessment of credit needs and repayment capacity of	Not Applicable
	the borrowers;	f
	(d) whether the repayment schedule of various loans granted by the pidbi is	Not Applicable
	loased on the repayment capacity of the borrower and would be conducive	Not Applicable
	Ito recovery of the loan amount:	ł
(XIV	if the company is dealing or trading in shares, securities, debentures and	In our opinion the company is not dealing in shares
	other investments, whether proper records have been maintained of the	securities, debentures and other investment. Therfore.
	transactions and contracts and whether timely entries have been made	the provision of clause 4(xiv) of the order are not
	therein; also whether the shares, securities, debentures and other	applicable.
	securities have been held by the company, in its own name except to the	
	extent of the exemption, if any, granted under section 49 of the Act-	
(xv)	whether the company has given any guarantee for loans taken by others	According to the information and explanation gives to us
	from bank or financial institutions, the terms and conditions whereof are	the company has not given any guarantee for loans taken
		by others from banks or financial institutions. Hence
(wa)	prejudicial to the interest of the company;	Irolovoni olavoni in matematika ili ili ili ili ili ili ili ili ili il
(XVI)	whether term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were	According to information and explanation given to us the
	obtained;	Company has not obtained any term loan during the year.
(xvii)	whether the funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long term	Apparding to the inferred
. ,		and on an overall examination and explantion given to us
		and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the company, we report that no funds raised on short term
		basis have been used for long term investment. No long
		term funds have been used to finance about the con-
(xviii)	whether the vice versa, if yes, the flature and amount is to be indicated;	during the year.
(~~ VIII)	whether the company has made any preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the Register maintained under satisfactors.	Accordint to the information and explanations given to us,
	301 of the Ast and if any their the Register maintained under section	the company has not made any preferential allotment of
	issued is prejudicial to the interest of the company:	shares of parties and companies covered in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Act.
(x ix)	subothor operation to the second	According to the information and explanation given to us,
		the Company had not issued any Secured Debenture
(٧٧)		during the year.
(XX)	public issues and the same has been verified.	During the period the Company has not raised money by
	Long and the same has been verified.	public issue.

(xxi) whether any fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported Based upon the audit procedures performed and during the year; If yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be we report that no fraud on or by the company has been

information and explanation given by the management, noticed or reported during the course os our audit.

FOR D DADHEECH & CO **Chartered Accountants** F.R.No.:101981W

Place: Mumbai

Date:

2 3 MAY 2014

DEVESH H DADHEECH Proprietor

M.No.033909

Balance sheet as on 31st March 2014

(Rs In Lakhs)

	Note No.	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
Particulars			25.44
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Sharehoders Funds		* *	1000年,1000年的開始
Share Capital	1	50.00	50.00
Reserve & Surplus	2	(3.11)	(2.65)
Non-Current Liabilities	de 13.		
Long Term Borrowings Unsecured	3	0.40	0.33
Current Liabilities Trade payables	4	0.36	0.14
TOTAL:		47.64	47.82
ASSETS Non-Current Assets			
<u>Current assets</u>			
(i) Short Term Advances (ii) Cash & Cash Equivalents	5 6	46.00 1.64	46.00 1.82
TOTAL		47.64	47.82

As per our report of even date

For D.Dadheech & Co

Chartered Accountants

- 12 CV - C

Devesh Dadheech

FR No. 101981W

Mumbai: Date:

2 3 MAY 2014

W. H. Marg, MUMBAI - 1

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Harshvardian A Piramal

Director

Bharat Sanghavi

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31,2014

(Rs In Lakhs)

		Note No.	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
INCOME:				
Income from Operation			-	-
Total Revenue				
EXPENSES:				
Filing & Stamp duty Tender Charges			0.07	0.05
Professional Fees			0.22	0.01
Bank Charges			0.00	0.01
Audit Fees			0.17	0.13
Total Expenses			0.46	0.20
Profit before tax Tax expense:			(0.46	(0.20)
Current tax			_	-
Profit after tax Balance Carried to Balance Sheet Earning Per equity share:			(0.46	(0.20)
Basic & Diluted (Refer Note 6 of (II) of Note 7)		(0.09)	(0.04)
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Notes forming part of accounts Refer Note	7			
notes forming part of accounts Refer Note			l	

As per our report of even date

For D.Dadheech & Co Chartered Accountants

Lead C. V. 36

Devesh Dadheech

Proprietor

FR No. 101981W

Mumbai:

Date

pai: : 2,3 MAY 2014 PTERED ACCOUNT

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Harshardhan A Piramal

Director

leugh

Bharat Sanghavi

NOTE: 1

SHARE CAPITAL

(Rs In Lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
Authorised		
5,00,000 (P.Y. 5,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	50.00	50.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up		•
Balance at the Bening of the year -5 00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	50.00	50.00
		- -
Terms /rights attached to Equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. All shares rank pari passu with regard to dividend.		
Share capital as at end of the year	50.00	50.00

Share Holder Holding more than 5% of Share Capital

Name of Share Holder	Number of Shares	% of Holding	Rs In Lacs
Peninsula Holdings & Investments Pvt Ltd	500000	100%	50
	(500000)	100%	50

NOTE: 2

RESERVE & SURPLUS

(Rs In Lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
Profit & Loss Accounts Balance as per Profit and Loss Account Add : Profit /(Loss) of current year	(2.65) (0.46)	
Closing Balance of Reserve and surplus	(3.11)	(2.65)

bte : 3

LONG TERM BORROWINGS

(Rs In Lakhs)

Unsecured Loan	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
Loan from Ultimate Controlling entity (Peninsula Land Limited) (i) Terms of Loan Repayment Loan is repayable from the cash flow of the project Interest free Loan received for Project Acquisition	0.40	0.33
	0.40	0.33

(Rs In Lakhs

NOTE No. 4

CURRENT LIABILITIES

	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
Trade Payables MSMED Others	0.36	- 0.14
	0.36	0.14

NOTE No. 5

SHORT TERM ADVANCES (Unsecured Considered Good)

	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
Advance for Project	-	-
Advances to Controlling entity	46.00	46.00
	46.00	46.00

NOTE No. 6

CASH & BANK BALANCES

	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13
(i) Cash In Hand	0.93	0.93
(ii) Balance with banks in current Accounts	0.71	0.89
	1.64	1.82

NOTE:7

NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

I. Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting

The Financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Accounting Standards applicable in India. The Company follows the mercantile system of accounting and recognises income and expenditure on accrual basis.

Miscellaneous Expenditure:

Preliminary and pre operative expenses are fully written off to be in line with AS 26.

- Revenue Recognition:
 - a) The Company generally follows the mercantile system of accounting and recognizes significant items of income and expenditure on accrual basis.
 - b) Revenue is recognized only when it is reasonably certain that the ultimate collection will be made

I.NOTES TO ACCOUNTS:

- At the end of the financial year there was no sum in excess of Rs 1 lac outstanding for more than 30 days due to small-scale industrial undertakings.
- In the opinion of the directors, current assets, have the value at which they are stated in the balance sheet, if realized in the ordinary course of business. Sundry creditors are subject to confirmation.
- The Management confirms that there are no contingent liabilities 3
- The other information required under clauses 4A, 4C and 4D of Part II of Schedule VI of the Companies Act 1956, are not applicable to the Company.
- List of Related Parties and Transactions During the year.
- Ultimate Controlling entity Peninsula Land Ltd. -PLL

а

b

С

d

Controlling entity Peninsula Holdings & Investments Pvt Ltd.-PHIPL

key Managerial Personnel Harshvardhan A Piramal (w.e.f. 31st October 2012) **Bharat Sanghavi** Rajesh S. Jaggi (Resign on 31st October 2012)

		(Rs In Lacs)
Details of Transaction are Follows	Year Ended	Year Ended
	2013-2014	2012-2013
Loan Taken From		
Ultimate Controlling entity -PLL		-
Reimbursement of Expenses		
Ultimate Controlling entity -PLL	0.07	0.14
Loan Taken Reapid to		
Controlling entity -PHIPL	•	104.00
Loan Given to		
Controlling entity -PHIPL	•	46.00
Outstanding Balances payable as at March 31.03.2014		-
PLL	0.40	0.33
Outstanding Balances Receivable as at March 31.03.2014		
PHIPL	46.00	46.00

6	Earning Per Share	2013-2014	2012-2013
	Profit After Tax (Rs In Lacs)	(0.46)	(0.20)
	Number of shares	5 00 000	5 00 000
	Basic &Diluted Earning per share (In Rs)	(0.09)	(0.04)

- 7 The Company is registered with MCA under CIN No. U70109MH2007PTC167090
- The previous year figures are regrouped, recast and reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable with the figures of the current year.

. As per our report of even date

For D.Dadheech & Co Chartered Accountants

or. x D General

Devesh Dadheech Proprietor FR No. 101981W Mumbai:

Date

2 3 MAY 2014

* W. H. Marg, MUMBAI . I.

M. No. 33909

M. NO. 33909

MAPTERED ACCOUNTANTS

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Harshvardhan A Piramal

Director

Bharat Sanghavi

(Rs In Lakhs)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,2014

				ear Ended -2014	For the Ye	
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
	Net Profit (Loss)Before Tax and Extra Ordinary Items Adjustments for:	:		(0.46)		(0.20
	Less: Increase / (Decrease)in Loans and Advances (Increase)/Decrease in Trade Payables		- (0.22)		(104.00) 0.09	
	Cash Generated from Operations Net Cash From Operating Activities	(A)		(0.22) -0.24		(103.91) 103.71
P	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-		-	
				-		<u>-</u>
	Net Cash From Investing Activities	(B)		-		
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
	Issue of Equity Shares Loan from Holding & Ultimate Holding Company		0.07		(103.86)	
:	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(C)		0.07		-103.86
	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A)+(B)+(C) Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year			(0.18) 1.82 1.64		(0.15) 1.97 1.82

As per our report of even date.

1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Accounting Standard - 3 on Cash Flow Statement issued by the ICAI

W. H. Merg, MUMBA

ARTERED ACCOU

2. Previous figures have been regrouped or rearranged or reclassfied wherever necessary to confir the

current year's classifications

For and on behalf of D. Dadheech & Co. Chartered Accountants

D. 01.36.00

Devesh Dadheech Proprietor

FR No. 101981W

23 MAY 2014 Date: Mumbai:

For and op behalf of Board of Director's

A Piramal

Director

Bharat Sanghavi

Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003.

Annexure to Auditor's Report

Re: PENINSULA INTEGRATED LAND AND DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

	Particulars	Comments
- ii	(a) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full	The Company does not have any fixed asset so this
	particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;	clause is not applicable
	(b) whether these fixed assets have been physically verified by the	Not Applicable
	management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies	
	were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been	
ŀ	properly dealt with in the books of account:	
	(c) if a substantial part of fixed assets have been disposed off during the	Not Applicable
(ii)	(a) whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at	the provisions of the clauses 4(ii) are not applicable to
i	the transfer of the second of	the company
	reasonable intervals by the management; (b) are the procedures of physical verification of inventory followed by the	
	management reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the	
	company and the nature of its business. If not, the inadequacies in such	
	procedures should be reported:	
	(c) whether the company is maintaining proper records of inventory and	Not Applicable
	whether any material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification	
	and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of	
	account; (a) has the company either granted or taken any loans, secured or	Mis Peninsula Land Ltd had reimbursed the expenses
(iii)	unsecured to/from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register	company and outstanding balance at the year en
	maintained under section 301 of the Act. If so, give the number of parties	amounts to Rs.40,000/-
	and amount involved in the transactions.	
	(b) whether the rate of interest and other terms and conditions of loans	No Interest is provided during the year.
	given or taken by the company, secured or unsecured, are prima facie	
	prejudicial to the interest of the company;	
	(c) whether payment of the principal amount and interest are also regular;	Loan is repayable from the cash flow of the project over
	di la	period of years. It is interst free loan.
	(d) if overdue amount is more than one lakh, whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery/payment of the principal and	Not Applicable
/iv/	interest; is there an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the	In our opinion the company has an internal audit syste
(••)	size of the company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of	
	inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. Whether there is a	
	continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control;	Board on the examination of the books of accounts at
(v)	(a) whether transactions that need to be entered into a register in	related records and according to information a
		explanations provided to us, there are no contracts
		arrangement with companies, firms or other parties which
	·	need to be listed in the register maintained u/s 301 of the
	pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered;	Companies Act.
	(b) whether each of these transactions have been made at prices which	Yes
	are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the	
	relevant time;	The Company has not accepted any public denosit
(vi)	in case the company has accepted deposits from the public, whether the	The Company has not accepted any public deposit.
	directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of	'
	sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under, where	
	applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of contraventions	S
	should be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board	d
	whather the same has been complied with or not?	
(vii	lin the case of listed companies and/or other companies having a paid-ul	In our opinion the company has an internal audit syste
•	capital and reserves exceeding Rs.50 lakhs as at the commencement of	ricommensurate with the size and nature or business.
	the financial year concerned, or having an average annual turnove	
	exceeding five crore rupees for a period of three consecutive financial	
	years immediately preceding the financial year concerned, whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size an	≂i d
		-
	nature of its business;	<u> </u>

		et annoquis less than Re 20 Crores
	where maintenance of cost records has been prescribed by the Central	and Net worth is less than Rs.5 Crore the Cost Audit is
		not mandatory.
	whether such accounts and records have been made and maintained;	The Company the Company
(ix)	(a) is the company regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues	is realist in depositing with appropriate administration
- 1	including Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund,	Investor Education Protection Fund, Employees's State
	Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Wealth Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate	Insurance Income-Tax, Sales-Tax, Wealth Tax, Custom
- 1	authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues	lin respect of Income Tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax,
*	as at the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than	Custom Duty and Excise Duty were outstanding as at March 31,2014 for a period of more than six months from
	six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated by the	the date they became payable.
	auditor. (b) in case dues of sales tax/income tax/custom tax/wealth tax/excise	According to the records of the Company, there are no
	by the second part been deposited on account of any dispute then the	idues of Sales Tax, income Tax, customs Tax vector
	amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending may please be	Tax, Excise Duty/Cess which have not been deposited
	montioned	on account of any dispute.
(x)	whether in case of a company which has been registered for a period not	during the year and previous year it suffered cash loss of
	less than five years, its accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	Rs.20,000/ The accumulated loss of Rs.3,11,000 is less
	are not less than fifty per cent of its net worth and whether it has incurred	than 50% of its Net Worth. The Company is not a Sick
	cash losses in such financial year and in the financial year immediately	Company as per provison of SICA
	preceding such financial year also;	No
	whether the company has defaulted in repayment of dues to a financia institution or bank or debenture holders? If yes, the period and amount of	
(vii)	default to be reported; whether adequate documents and records are maintained in cases where	According to the records of the company, the Compan
(XII)	Lucy assessment has granted loons and advances on the basis of security D	Inas not granted any loans and advances on the basis t
	way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities; If not, the	security by way of pledge of shares, debentures or other
	Link to contract the explanation of the contract of the contra	Isecurities.
(xiii)	whether the provisions of any special statute applicable to chit fund have	mutual benefit fund/society. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4(xiii) of the Companies(Auditors Reports)Orde 2003 are not applicable to the company.
	been duly complied with? In respect of nidhi/ mutual benefit fund/societies; (a) whether the net-owned funds to deposit liability ratio is more than 1:20	Not Applicable
	as on the date of balance sheet;	Not Applicable
	(b) whether the company has complied with the prudential norms of income recognition and provisioning against sub-standard/default/loss	s.
	assets; (c) whether the company has adequate procedures for appraisal of cred	it Not Applicable
	proposals/requests, assessment of credit needs and repayment capacity of	of
	the borrowers; (d) whether the repayment schedule of various loans granted by the nidth	ni Not Applicable
	is based on the repayment capacity of the borrower and would b	e
/viv	conducive to recovery of the loan amount,) if the company is dealing or trading in shares, securities, debentures an	d In our opinion the company is not dealing in share
(VIA	other investments, whether proper records have been maintained of th	
	transactions and contracts and whether timely entries have been mad	el tre provisions or clause to
	therein; also whether the shares, securities, debentures and other	applicable.
	therein; also whether the shares, securities, deponds of the	P
	securities have been held by the company, in its own name except to the	~
(xv	extent of the exemption, if any, granted under section 49 of the Act;) whether the company has given any guarantee for loans taken by other	s According to the information and explanation given to the company has not given any guarantee for loans take
•	from bank or financial institutions, the terms and conditions whereof ar	by others from banks or financial institutions. Hence
	prejudicial to the interest of the company;	relevant clause is not applicable.
(xv	i) whether term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were	Company has not obtained any term loan during the year
	obtained;	m According to the information and explantion given to
(xvi	i) whether the funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long ter	and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of t
·		hasis have been used for long term investment. No lo
	investment and vice versa; If yes, the nature and amount is to be indicate	company, we report that no funds raised on short ter basis have been used for long term investment. No lot term funds have been used to finance short term asset

• .

)

)

	whether the company has made any preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the Register maintained under section 301 of the Act and if so whether the price at which shares have been	the company has not made any preferential allotment of shares of parties and companies covered in the register
(xix)	issued is prejudicial to the interest of the company; whether securities have been created in respect of debentures issued?	maintained u/s 301 of the Act.
		According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company had not issued any Secured Debenture during the year.
L	whether the management has disclosed on the end use of money raised by public issues and the same has been verified;	public issue
	whether any fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year; If yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be	Based upon the audit procedures performed and

FOR D DADHEECH & CO Chartered Accountants F.R.No.:101981W

5 By

Place: Mumbai

Date:

23 MAY 2014

319-20, Rex Chambers, W. H. Marg, MUMBAI - 1. *

M. No. 33909

DEVESH H DADHEECH Proprietor M.No.033909